

Name and address of university	Universität für Bodenkultur Wien (BOKU) University of Natural Resources and Life Sciences, Vienna Gregor Mendel Straße 33, 1180 Wien, AUSTRIA. www.boku.ac.at
Contact	Prof.Dr. Ulrike Pröbstl-Haider Ulrike.proebstl@boku.ac.at
Short description of university	As one of Europe's leading life science universities, BOKU focuses teaching and research around the protection of habitats and quality of life as well as efficient and sustainable management of natural resources and the environment. Research applies inter and transdisciplinary approaches to address spatial, environmental, landscape and infrastructure aspects for tourism and recreation planning.
Relevant Faculty/ department	Institut für Landschaftsentwicklung, Erholungs- und Naturschutzplanung (ILEN)
Study programme(s) in (sustainable) tourism	(individual courses within the Landscape Architecture and Landscape Planning master program as well as Environmental and Bio-Resources Management)
Duration and ECTS of programme(s)	
Language(s) of instruction	German, English
Keywords describing programme(s)	sustainable destination management, nature-based tourism, rural tourism, sustainable tourism planning
(Sustainable) tourism research/transfer institute (if any)	
Research/transfer topics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Sustainable tourism planning - Climate change adaptation & mitigation in tourism strategies - Sustainable destination management - Rural tourism - Nature-based tourism
Selected research projects on sustainable tourism	<p>ClimATT (FTI NÖ) (2/2022-1/2024) ClimATT investigates climate change effects on tourist attractions in Lower Austria. By applying a choice experiment, visitors' preferences will be investigated to determine how attraction managers can best adapt to climate change while remaining interesting for visitors.</p> <p>APCC Special Report on Tourism, Large Culture and Sport Events and Climate Change – SR Tourism (Klimafond) (03/2018-02-2020) Numerous studies showed the sensitivity of tourism in Austria with regard to climate change and highlighted possible economic effects, risks but also opportunities for development. However, tourism itself contributes decisively to climate change. Due to its economic</p>

	<p>importance, a specific, carefully reviewed assessment is required. The Special Report Tourism collected and evaluated existing knowledge on the topic.</p> <p>Integrated Slow Green and Healthy Tourism Strategies - INSIGHTS (Interreg DTP) (1/2017-6/2019)</p> <p>Danube Regions have outstanding natural and cultural resources in need of protection. At the same time, they have great potential to become attractive destinations for the fast growing trend of slow, green and healthy tourism.</p> <p>To find solutions on how to make regions more attractive to tourists 13 partners from Austria, Bulgaria, Croatia, Germany, Hungary, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, and Slovenia have joined forces in INSIGHTS – Integrated Slow, Green and Healthy Tourism Strategies co-financed by the European Regional Development Fund and the Instrument for Pre-Accession Assistance.</p>
<p>Transfer activities with the tourism industry (with selected examples)</p>	
<p>Network of partners in the field of sustainable tourism</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Aiest: Member of the International Association of Scientific Experts in Tourism. https://www.aiest.org/